

# The Indianapolis Sentinel.

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INDIANAPOLIS, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 5, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 10,189.

## WHEN INDICATIONS.

FOR TUESDAY.—Partly cloudy weather and local rains, southerly winds, lower barometer, slight rise in temperature.

The Best Stock of  
**NECKWEAR**  
Ever Offered by the  
**WHEN**  
Is on exhibition now.  
There are several new  
shapes this spring, and we  
show them in almost count-  
less patterns of silks from  
25 cents to \$1. Call at the  
**When Clothing Store.**

**Richmond**  
CIGARETTE  
Smokers who are  
willing to pay a little  
more for Cigarettes  
than the price charged  
for the ordinary trade, Cigarettes will find the  
**RICHMOND STRAIGHT CUT** No. 1 SUPERIOR TO  
ALL OTHERS. They are made from the finest  
tobacco, most delicately flavored, and without  
any adulteration or drugs. We use the  
GENUINE FRENCH RICE

**Straight Cut**  
No. 1  
PAPER of our own direct importation, which is  
made especially for us, water proofed, with the  
name of the brand, RICHMOND STRAIGHT CUT  
No. 1, on each cigarette, without which none  
are genuine. IMITATIONS of this brand have  
been put on sale, and cigarette smokers are cautioned  
that this is the OLD and ORIGINAL brand,  
and to observe that each package or box of  
Richmond Straight  
Cut Cigarettes bears  
the signature of

**Cigarettes**  
**ALLEN & GINTER,**  
MANUFACTURERS,  
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

**Children's Carriages,**  
Bicycles, Tricycles, Express Wagons, Sport-  
ing Goods, Fishing Tackle, Base  
Balls and Bats.

**OUTDOOR AMUSEMENTS.**  
**CHARLES MAYER & CO.,**  
29 and 31 West Washington St.

**DICKENS**  
NOVELS  
COMPLETE  
WORKS.  
35 Volumes, \$2.50, selling for \$2.00 at our Great  
Clearance Sale of Books and Stationery. Also  
thousands of other good books closing out at  
greatly reduced prices—at 5 East Washington St.

**THE BOWEN-MERRILL CO.**

**JOHN EDWARDS,**  
**BILL POSTER,**  
One Hundred Large Stands.

300 3-Sheet Boards.  
Also Controlling the State House Pen

OFFICE—National Office.

**Every One Knows**

That no house in this State can meet our prices.  
As the largest Clothing House in the State, sell-  
ing more goods than all other Clothing Houses  
in the city combined, manufacturing in our own fac-  
tory all of our own Clothing, and buying for cash  
our Furnishing Goods and Hats and Caps, it  
stands to reason that we can sell better goods for  
less money than any of the small houses. That  
our prices are always the lowest and our goods  
always the best, is shown by the way the people  
sustain us.

Our trade in Fine Custom Made Clothing has  
been larger this season than ever. Gentlemen  
realize that there is no necessity for paying exorbi-  
tant prices for Suits and Overcoats when THE  
MODEL can supply them with equally good goods,  
made, cut and trimmed just as well, at a saving of  
about 50 per cent.

We carry goods to meet the wants of all classes  
of people, the laborer, the mechanic, the business  
man, and in all cases guarantee our goods to be at  
least 25 per cent. below all competition. Men's  
Suits, \$1 to \$30; Boys' Suits, \$2.00 to \$15; Children's  
Suits, 75c to \$10

**MODEL.**  
Clothing, Furnishings and Hatters.

## GENERAL NEWS.

**A Serious Riot at Lamont, Illinois—  
Two Persons Killed and Several  
Others Wounded.**

The President, Accompanied by  
Veterans of the Army of the  
Potomac, Visits Get-  
tysburg.

### THE LAMONT RIOT.

Collision Between the Strikers and State  
Troops, in Which Two of the For-  
mer Were Killed and Sev-  
eral Wounded.

Chicago, May 4, noon.—Sheriff Hanchett,  
of this city, has just received word from  
Lamont that a collision occurred between  
the troops and striking quarrymen at that  
town this morning, and that two of the  
striking men were killed. Two companies of  
State troops went to Lamont this morning  
to guard the quarries there and to enable  
the non-striking men to resume work. No  
details have yet been received. The action  
of the Sheriff of Will County in releasing  
the several strikers captured by the troops  
near Joliet last Saturday and who came  
from Lamont is assigned as one of the causes  
for the present outbreak.

Later—12:15 p.m.—Three companies of  
State troops from Joliet left for Lamont and  
disembarked at the Excelsior Stone Quarry,  
two miles south of Lamont. They were then  
advised that the strikers in large numbers  
had made an assault upon men loading a  
canal boat with stone one mile north of Le-  
mont. Proceeding to that point, a collision  
between the troops and strikers occurred  
there a little before noon.

The Evening Journal's Lamont special  
says: "About 1,000 strikers assembled at  
the depot here this morning with the inten-  
tion of capturing the militia, if any came.  
They afterward went to Walker & Slinger's  
quarries and routed the strikers there. At  
9:30 four companies of militia and a detach-  
ment of Battery C arrived from Joliet, in  
command of General Bennett. Under the com-  
mand of Colonel Bennett, under the com-  
mand of Colonel Bennett, followed the troops  
and charged upon the main street with fixed  
bayonets. Colonel Bennett removed his  
command, except one company, from Joliet  
to Lamont, arriving at about 9 a.m., and  
ordered a line south of Lamont. Deputy  
Sheriff Potter conducted the troops into  
Lamont, near the Alton Depot.

Another account of the fight.  
The strike among the quarrymen here and  
at Joliet has finally assumed proportions  
of magnitude. The men who went out be-  
cause they failed to receive an advance of  
wages from \$1.50 to \$1.75 per day, have been  
in a turbulent condition for four weeks,  
during which period the quarries have been  
idle. A number of quarry owners had  
repeatedly tried to resume operations, but  
the strikers invariably drove the workmen  
away. For two weeks they have dominated,  
and, in a measure, terrorized the entire sur-  
rounding region. It became evident on Fri-  
day that the county authorities could not  
control them, and the Governor was asked  
to send troops. He responded promptly by  
sending five companies from Joliet, Ottawa,  
Lisle, Streator and Bloomington. The first  
meeting between troops and strikers occur-  
red between Lamont and Joliet Saturday af-  
ternoon, but 400 of the strikers who were  
marching on Joliet from Lamont had been  
exposed to sudden attack by the militia.  
Twenty of their number, however, were cap-  
tured by the troops, disarmed and marched  
to Joliet. The Sheriff of Will County re-  
leased the prisoners and they returned to Lamont,  
where they are credited with provoking the  
trouble which resulted in the serious rioting  
of today. The occasion of the bloodshed of  
today is, therefore, generally attributed to  
the ill-advised action of Sheriff Klett, of  
Joliet, who has been charged in some quar-  
ters with having sympathized with the rioters.  
Matters remained quiet over Sunday,  
but when the troops arrived from Joliet this  
morning to protect the quarries at Lamont  
they were met by a very large and appar-  
ently well organized mob. Prior to the  
coming of the troops the rioters had boarded  
several passenger trains on the Chicago and  
Alton road, armed with clubs, to prevent the  
disembarking of any troops. The troops  
were landed, however, one mile south of  
Lamont at 10:30 this morning. Colonel Ben-  
nett, commanding the troops at Joliet, re-  
ceived orders from the Governor to proceed  
to Lamont. A special train was in waiting,  
and at 8 o'clock four companies of the  
Fourth Regiment, with a detachment of C  
battery of artillery of Joliet and a gaiting  
gun and camp equipment, left for Lamont.  
About one mile from the town they  
were met by Deputy Sheriff Potter. The  
troops disembarked and the Sheriff or-  
dered the Colonel to deploy his men, as there  
was a large crowd assembled at the depot  
waiting for the train. Company D, Ottawa,  
was extended as a skirmishing line through  
the quarries, the line extending from the  
canal to the bluffs. The main body, con-  
sisting of Company A, of Streator, under  
Lieutenant St. Clair; Company G, of Joliet,  
under Captain Jackson; Company B, of Bloom-  
ington, Captain Smith, and a Gatling gun  
detachment, under Lieutenant Kimber,  
of Springfield, moved north along the bluff  
road until they reached the street crossing at  
right angles to the bluff, when they were  
met by the City Marshall, followed by the  
cavalry making demonstrations. The Mar-  
shall ordered the troops to halt, but he was  
told by Colonel Bennett to "retire," or he  
would be placed under arrest. He com-  
plied. Company G moved across the street,  
and, going up the three streets north, took  
up a commanding position with the Gatling  
gun detachment under cover. Deputy  
Sheriff Potter then went forward and or-  
dered the mob to disperse. They re-  
fused, and Company A and B, in columns  
of companies advanced up the street and  
drove the mob back at the point of the  
bayonet. The mob then retired into the

houses and yards, but a portion faced the  
troops making demonstrations and throwing  
stones. Soon those who had gone into the  
houses returned and attacked the troops in  
the rear, a signal being given by the firing  
of a pistol from a window. Company A suf-  
fered severely, no less than sixteen men be-  
ing hit by stones, and one of them, Private  
George Boggs, was badly hurt. The rear  
rank of the company faced about and  
opened fire, Company B was attacked on  
the right flank further north, and the first  
four of the company was deployed across  
the road. As the mob poured in the attack  
somewhat more freely, and Company A  
charged the mob, which retired. It was  
here that the casualties occurred. The com-  
mand then advanced up the street and were  
joined at the railroad depot by Company D,  
who had been skirmishing along the  
railroad at the point of attack,  
and advanced with the main  
body to the center of town, where  
the command was halted covering all the  
streets, the company going to the canal  
bridge. The command then went to Singer  
& Salcott's quarries, but returned as the mob  
gathered again, but quickly dispersed. The  
troops then went into camp, and though  
there are large crowds hanging around  
everything at present is quiet, but there are  
grave fears of a disturbance as soon as night  
falls. Adjutant General Vance has  
arrived and made his headquarters at Sing-  
er's quarry. The troops have just received  
their rations, and are pitching tents. It is  
claimed that a woman was wounded ac-  
cidentally. She advanced toward a soldier  
with a rock, seized his musket, and he  
dropped her up in falling she fell against  
the bayonet. Following is the full list of the  
casualties: Jacob Vance, Pole, killed, shot  
in the jaw; Henry Stiller, Pole, killed, shot  
in the head; Mrs. Limash, bayonet wound;  
John Pottsch, bayonet wound; Adolph  
Miller, bayonet wound in the arm.

### GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD.

Arrival of the President and His Party.

GETTYSBURG, May 4.—The historic visit  
of the veterans of the Army of the Potomac  
to the battlefield of Gettysburg occurred to-  
day. The occasion is the third of a series of an-  
nual visits to Eastern battlefields of the late  
war. The first visit was made to the battle-  
field of Bull Run, two years ago, and the  
second to Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville,  
and the Wilderness. The number of visit-  
ors to day was much smaller than was ex-  
pected. The President, who after two months  
of trying labor at the capital, arrived at 11:30.  
With him came the Vice President, Sec-  
retary and Mrs. Endicott and daughter,  
General Vilas, Commissioner Black,  
and wife, General Frey, the Swiss Minister,  
and General and Mrs. Rosecrans. The party  
were in charge of ex-Governor Orrin.  
Among the people of note on the train were  
General Hunt, who was chief of the Union  
artillery at the battle of Gettysburg; Gen-  
eral Green B. Rau, General B. B. Marsey,  
General Hazen, General Bragg, General  
Ripley, Secretary Coon and Congressman  
Springer.

Governor Pattison and Congressman  
Swope, the latter a resident of Gettysburg,  
met the President and party at the train and  
escorted them to the battlefield. The Presi-  
dent's entire party, including the Swiss Min-  
ister, the country round about and the visiting  
strangers had arrived in advance. The Presi-  
dent's carriage, containing the Presi-  
dent and Vice President, Governor Pattison  
and ex-Governor Orrin, was charged with the  
village to the cemetery, three quarters of a  
mile away, where the ceremonies of the day  
took place.

The distinguished guests having assembled  
upon the stand, with the main body of the  
visitors in the front and below, were formally  
welcomed by Governor Pattison. Mayor  
Maginnis, ex-Delegate in Congress from  
Mont realized to the Governor's speech of  
welcome. General Black, Commissioner of  
Pensions, was the next speaker. General  
Rosecrans, as Chairman of the Congressional  
Commission on Pensions, on behalf of the  
Twenty-first Corps, was charged with the  
duty of welcoming the National Legisla-  
ture. Count de Paris sent a letter.  
He said: "I would not have hesitated to  
cross the Atlantic in order to witness a sight  
which I believe, without a parallel in the  
history of mankind. I believe it has never  
happened before that the military of two ar-  
mies should, after twenty years, meet in  
friendly converse on the battle field to dis-  
cuss every debatable point in the history of  
the great struggle in which  
they risked their lives, the one against  
the other. I would have found the greatest  
interest in those discussions, but in the  
present state of affairs I can not undertake  
such a long journey, and I must therefore  
ask you to offer my most sincere excuse to  
Governor Curtin."

### Was It Intended as a Salute?

WASHINGTON, May 4.—When the Presi-  
dent's train was near Mount Hope Station,  
Md., returning from Gettysburg, about 8  
o'clock this evening, three pistol-shots were  
heard in rapid succession as from a revolver  
and the flash of the weapon was seen within  
two or three feet of the moving train. It is  
probable that some enthusiast had devised  
this mode of celebrating the passage of the  
President and that the demonstration was  
only intended as a salute. It created some  
amusement and gave rise to some jocu-  
lar remarks among the passengers, but since  
the return of the train the rumor has spread  
through the city that the President was shot  
at. The President expressed himself, how-  
ever, as having passed a pleasant day and  
having been very much interested by what  
he had seen and heard upon the battlefield  
of Gettysburg.

### Estimated Fire Losses.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The Daily Commer-  
cial Bulletin of May 3, estimates the aggre-  
gate loss by fire in the United States and  
Canada in April at \$7,750,000, and for the  
four months of this year so far at \$35,  
200,000. This is at the rate of over \$100,000  
per day for the year. The Bulletin  
gives a list of 195 fires in  
April where the reported loss ranged from  
\$10,000 upwards, including thirteen fires  
which alone destroyed property valued at  
\$1,850,000, or about one-fourth of the  
fire loss in April for the past ten years. The  
loss in April for the past ten years has  
been less than \$5,000,000. It will easily be  
seen, the Bulletin says, that the scourge of  
fire has fastened itself upon the country to a  
degree which is out of proportion to the in-

crease of property, and is becoming alarm-  
ing enough to demand attention from all  
property owners.

### THE DIAMOND.

The Champion Providence Club Beaten in  
New York—Chicago Defeats the Lu-  
cas Club Again—Other Games.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The exact number of  
persons who paid 50 cents to see the New  
Yorkers beat the champion Providence nine  
to-day was 8,210. A sharp shower stopped  
the game for forty-five minutes at the be-  
ginning of the third inning, but everybody  
stayed to see the game ended. When the  
game was resumed the home club took  
everything into its own hands and won  
easily. The New Yorkers made four runs in  
the sixth inning, but as the umpire called  
the game before the visitors played this did  
not count. Following is the score by in-  
nings:

New York..... 0 2 0 1 0 1 0 8  
Providence..... 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 5

### Sweeney's Arm Was Sore.

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—The game to-day be-  
tween the Chicago and St. Louis League  
teams was robbed of all interest in the first  
inning, when the visitors made four runs.  
Otherwise the contest was a very pretty one,  
as both teams fielded finely. Sweeney was  
still suffering from a lame arm and had to  
pitch slow balls, and to this fact the Chicago  
won their victory. Score by innings:

Chicago..... 4 0 0 1 0 1 0 8  
St. Louis..... 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 2

### The Mets Drop a Game at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, May 4.—Becannon's wild and  
ineffective pitching helped materially in  
allowing the home team to win to-day's  
game from the Metropolitan of New York.  
He sent four to first on balls, and one of  
hitting him, and four out of five scored.  
The game was only fairly interesting to the  
3,000 people present. Much fault was found  
with Valentine, the umpire. Score by in-  
nings:

Baltimore..... 3 4 1 0 1 1 0 10  
Metropolitan..... 3 0 0 1 0 0 0 7

### An Ten-Ten Game.

DETROIT, Mich., May 4.—It took ten  
innings to decide to-day's game between the  
Buffalo and Detroit Clubs. Both clubs  
batted heavily, but loose fielding on the part  
of the visitors decided the contest. The  
feature of the game was Dorgan's fine play  
in right field. Following is the score by  
innings:

Detroit..... 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 7-10  
Buffalo..... 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 1-4

### Most Exciting of the Season.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 4.—Notwithstand-  
ing the frequent showers during the day and  
threatening clouds upward of 2,000 persons  
witnessed the game here to-day, between the  
Philadelphia and Boston Clubs. The game  
was one of the most exciting played here for  
several seasons. Following is the score:

Boston..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0-2  
Philadelphia..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-0

### THE TRUNK MYSTERY.

The Police on the Track of the Mur-  
derer.

CHICAGO, May 4.—Francisco Caruso, a  
brother of the man whose dead body was  
shipped in a trunk from this city to Pitts-  
burg, called at police headquarters and stated  
that he and the deceased were engaged in  
the business of peddling lemons; that at 9  
o'clock last Thursday morning Philip left  
the house at No. 75 Tilden avenue, where the  
brothers lived, for the ostensible purpose of  
finding a market in some suburban town for  
his lemons. That was the last seen of the  
deceased by his friends. Francisco Caruso  
said that when his brother left the house he  
had between \$200 and \$300 in his pocket, in  
besides the draft found in his pocket. "Who-  
ever killed the unfortunate man did the  
work very expeditiously, for his body was  
packed in the trunk and checked at the  
Union Depot at 11:30 o'clock, just two and a  
half hours after he left home. Andrew Kras-  
sky, the man locked up at the Desplaines Street  
Station on suspicion of being implicated in  
the crime, has told so many conflicting  
stories about the matter that the officers are  
inclined to think he is the murderer. When  
first arrested Krasny admitted that he knew  
Philip Caruso, but he denied an acquaint-  
ance with his relatives. Yesterday, Fran-  
cisco, the brother, was confronted with the  
prisoner and recognized as an acquaintance.  
The officers in charge of the case have infor-  
mation which leads them to believe that the  
trunk in which the body was shipped was  
bought at a store near the home of the brother.  
The police are now looking for three  
Italians who lived on the upper floor of No.  
75 Tilden avenue, the home of the Caruso's.  
These three men knew that Philip had  
money in his possession and some suspicion  
attaches to them from the fact that they  
vacated their quarters last Monday. At a  
late hour last night the police had not  
found one of the three persons indicated.  
Officers McDonald and Bantfield, who have  
the case in charge, expect to unearth some  
important facts to-day.

The Detective Bureau to-day received  
from Pittsburgh detectives pieces cut from  
the pants, vest and shirt of the murdered  
man whose body was shipped in a trunk to  
Pittsburg. These were shown to Francisco  
Caruso, who at once identified them as  
cut from the clothing of his brother.

Pittsburg, May 4.—The trunk which con-  
tained the remains of Philip Caruso, and  
the clothing found on the body, were sent  
by express to Chicago to-day. Nothing new  
in the mystery has developed here.

### Appointed Assignees.

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—A special to the Post-  
Dispatch from Highland, Ill., says F. B. Sup-  
penger, J. C. Ammann and John Herman  
have been named assignees of the suspended  
banking firm of F. Rymer & Co., of High-  
land. The assignees must give \$800,000 bond.  
The personal property of Adolph Bandelier,  
one of the firm, was attached this morning.  
Liabilities are now estimated at \$900,000; as-  
sets, \$400,000.

### Removing Wagner Sleeping Cars.

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—Orders were received to-  
day from Colonel Talmadge, General Man-  
ager of the Wabash Railroad, to take all  
Wagner sleepers off that road as rapidly as  
possible, and substitute therefor Pullman  
and Micanador cars. The change began  
to-night. Hereafter trains by the Wabash  
for New York will run from Detroit via the  
West Shore instead of the New York Cen-  
tral.

## THE WAR CLOUD

Seems Suddenly to Have Broke n  
Away,

While the Effulgent Rays of the  
Sun of Swes: Peace Shine  
On the Day.

### WAR CLOUDS DISSOLVING.

Peace is Now Probable, and Arbitration  
Will Bring It About.

LONDON, May 4.—A dispatch from Tirpuri,  
dated April 30, states that a dam on the Kara-  
band River, seventy miles north of Sarakhs,  
burst, flooding the country for miles around  
and doing an immense amount of damage  
to the military roads that had been con-  
structed by the Russians, who are making  
strenuous efforts to repair them and prevent  
any further destruction.

The dispatch also states that there can be  
no question as to the ownership of Pendjeh,  
as the city has paid tribute to Herat for over  
100 years, and that a guard for the Govern-  
ment, composed of Afghan soldiers, has  
been quartered on the city since 1881, and it  
has always been an integral portion of the  
province of Herat.

The Government has sent an order to  
Dover to cease chartering ships of small pa-  
ttern for transport service. This is believed  
to foreshadow a stoppage of all war prepara-  
tions.

Though no definite news of rapprochement  
between England and Russia has been re-  
ceived at St. Petersburg, the war cloud  
seems suddenly to have dissolved. The news  
that England has not annexed Port Ham-  
ilton, in the Japan sea, gives a feeling of re-  
lief there.

The Government continues to give out  
large orders for war stores of all kinds.  
The Admiralty is surveying additional  
steamers, with a view of freightage or pur-  
chasing them.

Though the Russian papers are not so  
outspoken as they formerly were, probably  
in consequence of their Government's  
hints, it is well known that Russia is  
making strenuous efforts to increase her  
armament.

The Indian papers have given notice that  
they will not advance money against ship-  
ments unless the vessels are insured at war  
risks.

The Indian Government is enforcing rigid  
economy in all departments, and is pro-  
ceeding to the sale of the surplus of the  
expenses of war preparations, in order  
to avoid the levying of taxes fresh, which  
would be likely to disturb the native loy-  
alty.

It is reported that the Afghans of Bada-  
kshan have asked to be annexed to Russia,  
and negotiations to that effect are proceed-  
ing through the Amir of Bokhara and the  
Governor of Turkistan.

Many continental papers are still skeptical  
of a peaceful issue of the dispute. The Pesther  
Lloyd says that a trifling mishap on the  
Afghan frontier may annihilate all hopes  
of peace. The Deutsche Zeitung says that  
Russian diplomacy is not as yet anywhere  
near the end of its artifices and tricks. Russia  
may again and again put a difficulty in the  
way of a settlement and perhaps at last  
declare that she will make no con-  
cession in the boundary question.

The London Standard, in referring to the  
Queen's return, says that everything has  
been done to drag the Nation into sinu-  
soidal, phibler of rhetoric and adulation har-  
ing been consciously applied to a supply its  
country's Parliament with a supply of the  
speeches, as it has participated also in the draught,  
but the Crown does not share in the general  
abandonment, and is, perhaps, watching for  
the restored sobriety and returning man-  
liness of the Nation.

In the House of Lords this afternoon,  
Earl Granville, Secretary of State for For-  
eign Affairs, stated that England and Russia  
had agreed to renew the negotiations in  
London concerning the Afghan frontier  
question, and that the meeting of the Delimita-  
tion Commission had been arranged in  
detail. His Lordship said that both Eng-  
land and Russia had agreed that the deli-  
cacies which had arisen from the Pendjeh  
incident should be submitted to a "fair in-  
vestigation and reference to friendly powers,"  
that both governments would facilitate the  
inquiry as much as possible. The Pendjeh  
district will remain neutral territory during  
the progress of the negotiations. "The Rus-  
sian Government," continued Lord Gran-  
ville, "have stated their readiness to con-  
sider the question of withdrawing their  
troops, should the decision of the Afghan  
Boundary Commission prove to be against  
them. Any difference that may arise re-  
garding the interpretation of passages in the  
dispatches of the two governments would be  
dealt with in a manner consistent with the  
honor of both countries."

The Pall Mall Gazette says it believes that  
England really never annexed Port Ham-  
ilton. The British fleet, according to the Gaz-  
ette, has merely taken a position with a  
view to prevent other powers from either  
annexing or occupying Port Hamilton in  
the event of an Anglo-Russian war.

Mr. Gladstone stated in the House of Com-  
mons this afternoon that no communication  
had as yet passed between Russia and Eng-  
land in regard to the reported occupation of  
Port Hamilton by England.

In response to a question by Sir Stafford  
Northcote, Mr. Gladstone said that all im-  
pediments in the way of a friendly pro-  
secution of the correspondence on the Afghan  
question between England and Russia ap-  
peared to be removed. The two govern-  
ments he said, were now ready to refer to  
the sovereignty of some friendly State any dif-  
ficulties which may be found to exist in re-  
gard to the agreement of the 10th of March,  
with a view to a settlement of the matter in  
a manner consistent with the honor of both  
sides. Continuing Mr. Gladstone said that  
both Russia and England were prepared to  
resume forthwith, in London, communi-  
cation on the main points of the deli-  
termining the Afghan frontier, but the de-  
tails of the line would have to be examined  
and traced on the spot, in conformity with  
the conditions formerly agreed upon. "Rus-  
sia," said the Premier, "has expressed her-  
self as willing to agree to a removal of the  
Russian outposts."

After Mr. Gladstone had announced the  
peace arrangement in the House, the con-  
servative members held a meeting and de-

cided that it would be impolitic to oppose the  
vote of credit.  
Emperor William will be asked to act as  
arbitrator, and it is expected he will consent.

## GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Expelled From His Club.

CORK, May 4.—The Cork County Club has  
expelled from membership the well-known  
Irish physician, Dr. L. G. N. Tanner, be-  
cause, in company with Mr. John O'Connor,  
Home Rule member of Parliament for Tip-  
perary, he marched at the head of the Na-  
tionalist procession that followed and hissed  
the Prince and Princess of Wales during  
their visit to Cork.

### Russia Playing the Same Game With China.

LONDON, May 4.—Dispatches from Shang-  
hai state that the dispute between China and  
Russia re: arding the frontier of Manchouan  
has become acute, owing to the non-arrival  
of the Russian members of the delimitation  
commission and the constant postponement  
of the date of the arrival at the place of  
meeting to settle the boundary question.  
The Chinese Commissioners have been ready  
for months to begin the work of delimitation,  
and the failure of the Russian Commissioners  
to meet them has caused the Chinese Govern-  
ment to fear that the same force enacted re-  
specting the Afghan frontier will be per-  
formed in this case. Now that the difficulty  
with France in relation to Tonquin has been  
settled, China has become more conciliatory  
and has demanded that Russia fulfill her  
part of the agreement which led to the ap-  
pointment of the commission.

### The Bosphore Egyptian Matter.

LONDON, May 4.—In the House of Lords  
this afternoon Lord Granville said that the  
British Government had sanctioned the seizure  
of the Bosphore Egyptian without giving  
any opinion as to the legality of the action.  
France having demanded a re-opening of the  
office of the paper and punishment of the  
persons concerned, in the act of seizure and  
suppression, England caused a legal inquiry  
to be made in the matter, and ascertaining  
from the inquiry that the suppression of the  
Bosphore Egyptian was unwarranted, Eng-  
land, without declining any of her share  
of the responsibility for the act of seizure,  
advised Egypt to apologize to France and the  
Bosphore Egyptian to reappear.

### Advertising for Information.

LONDON, May 4.—The police advertise for  
information concerning the sale of an iron  
vessel, the remnants of which have been  
found in the yard of the admiralty buildings  
near the scenes of the recent explosions.  
The remnants indicate that the vessel they  
composed had contained dynamite, and the  
police now ought to be able to ferret out the  
person who made the attack by finding the  
vender of the vessel, who may be able to  
give a description of the purchaser.

### Russia Has Decided What She Will Concede.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 4.—It is stated that  
the Imperial Ministry in council have de-  
cided finally upon the utmost limits of con-  
cession which Russia is willing to make Eng-  
land in the pending Afghan controversy.  
The Czar is expected to start for Moscow to-  
morrow to celebrate the jubilee of the Rus-  
sian nobility.

### Disatisfied With England's Concession.

CALCUTTA, May 4.—The public are disap-  
satisfied with England's concession to Russia  
and fears are generally expressed that the En-  
glish attitude may have already endangered  
the safety of the party composing Sir Peter  
Lumsden's Surveying Commission. Prepara-  
tions for war on a large scale still continue  
in India.

### Opening the Inventors' Exhibition.

LONDON, May 4.—The Prince of Wales  
opened, to-day, the World's Exposition of  
Inventions. The Princess of Wales, the  
Duke of Edinburgh, the Duke of Cambridge,  
Earl Granville and Sir William Vernon Har-  
court were among the distinguished persons  
present. The attendance of the general  
public was very large.

### Becoming More Galling.

BUKARIN, May 4.—El Mahdi's men are be-  
coming more daring every day. Last night  
they surrounded Tumbak and Otta and  
kept up a heavy fire on both places all night.  
The firing was, however, made from too long  
a range to be effective. Another forward  
movement by the British troops is expected  
to take place to-morrow.

### Death of Noted Man.

LONDON